Caledonia County Sheriff's Department

Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Caledonia County Sheriff's Department

June 30, 2010

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Government Auditing Standards Report:

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*



Independent Auditors' Report

Michael Bergeron, Sheriff Caledonia County Sheriff's Department St. Johnsbury, Vermont

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Caledonia County Sheriff's Department of the County of Caledonia, Vermont, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Caledonia County Sheriff's Department of the County of Caledonia, Vermont, as of June 30, 2010 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2010 on our consideration of the Caledonia County Sheriff's Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Caledonia County Sheriff's Department has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

M Boley M Coy & Co. December 10, 2010

VT Reg. No. 92-349

Caledonia County Sheriff's Department Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Assets:	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 311,136
Accounts receivable	53,148
Prepaid insurance	13,324
Total current assets	377,608
Vehicles and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	90,732
Total assets	468,340
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	5,304
Accrued payroll and payroll items	5,704
Total current liabilities	11,008
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets	90,732
Unrestricted	366,600
Total net assets	\$ 457,332

Caledonia County Sheriff's Department Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 500,800
Operating grants	19,436
Process services	68,350
Transportation	32,261
Miscellaneous revenues	28,117
Total operating revenues	648,964
Operating Expenses:	
Contracted services	217,920
Process services	40,065
Transportation services	26,529
Administration and general	122,114
Communications services	6,171
Automotive services	52,836
Depreciation	39,344
Total operating expenses	504,979
Net operating income	143,985
Non-operating Income:	
Gain on sale of equipment	1,388
Net income	145,373
Net assets, beginning of year	311,959
Net assets, end of year	\$ 457,332

Caledonia County Sheriff's Department Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 659,307
Cash received from operating grants	19,436
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(151,934)
Cash payments to employees for services	(320,445)
Net cash provided by operating activities	206,364
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(29,445)
Sale of equipment	1,600
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(27,845)
Net change in cash	178,519
Cash, beginning of year	132,617
Cash, end of year	\$ 311,136
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Net operating income	\$ 143,985
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	39,344
Decrease in accounts receivable	29,778
Increase in prepaid insurance	(5,805)
Increase in accrued payroll and payroll taxes	(4,201)
Increase in accounts payable	3,263
Total adjustments	62,379
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 206,364

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Caledonia County Sheriff's Department (the Department) is a governmental entity operating under Title 24 Vermont Statutes Annotated Section 290 located in the County of Caledonia, Vermont. Funding is provided by the State of Vermont and the County of Caledonia. Operating revenue is generated by service charges, some of which are set by state statute and others by the Department. Included among the duties performed by the Department are: contracting to provide law enforcement services; security services; control dispatching and other centralized support services; service of lawful writs, warrants and processes; and transportation of prisoners and the mentally disabled.

(a) Basis of accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Department's revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. The Caledonia County Sheriff's Department applied (a) all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and (b) Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 20, 1989, except those deemed insignificant that conflict with GASB pronouncement.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary and continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Department's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as needed.

(b) Basis of presentation

The Department accounts for ongoing operations and activities using proprietary fund accounting, a method developed with the economic resources measurement focus. This focus is similar to accounting methods used in the private sector.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of reporting cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

(d) Vehicles and equipment

Vehicles and equipment are recorded at cost with depreciation computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected as a non-operating activity for the period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred; renewals and betterments over \$1,000 are capitalized.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful lives by major classification are as follows:

Office equipment 5-10 years
Department equipment 5-10 years
Vehicles 4 years

(e) Unrestricted net assets

Unrestricted Net Assets for proprietary funds represent the net assets available for future operations or distributions.

(f) Use of estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(g) Accounts receivable

Significant receivables include amounts due from state, town, and contractor contracts. These receivables are due within one year. The Department has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts at June 30, 2010, as all amounts are deemed collectible.

(h) Subsequent Events

Effective June 30, 2010, the Department adopted FASB ASC 855, Subsequent Events. Under FASB ASC 855, subsequent events are defined as events or transactions that occur after the statement of net assets, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of net assets. Unrecognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of net assets, but arose before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are excluded from the statement of net assets and unrecognized subsequent events are excluded from the statement of net assets but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements if their effect is material. In accordance with FASB ASC 855, the Department evaluated subsequent events through December 10, 2010, the date the Department's financial statements were available to be used and no events or transactions occurred.

(2) Cash and Categories of Risk

There are three categories of credit risk that apply to the Department's balance:

- 1. Insured by the FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the Department or by the Department's agent in the Department's name.
- 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Department's name.
- 3. Uncollateralized.

The Sheriff Department's bank balances are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Department at June 30, 2010.

	Book Balance	Bank Balance
Insured deposits	\$ 311,136	\$ 317,576
Uninsured deposits	-	-
Cash on hand	-	
Total cash deposits	\$ 311,136	\$ 317,576

(3) Vehicles and Equipment

Vehicles and equipment are summarized as of June 30, 2010 by major classifications as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Vehicles Equipment	\$ 197,823 121,526	\$ 27,036 2,709	\$ (19,528) (3,331)	\$ 205,331 120,904
Total vehicles and equipment	319,349	29,745	(22,859)	326,235
Less accumulated depreciation	(218,507)	(39,344)	22,348	(235,503)
Vehicles and equipment, net	\$ 100,842	\$(9,599)	\$ (511)	\$ 90,732

(5) Cost Sharing

Under Vermont law, Caledonia County and the State of Vermont are required to cover certain costs of the Department. Such costs include the Sheriff's salary and benefits, administrative salary and benefits, office space, certain automotive expenses and others. The amount expended by the County and State during the year ended June 30, 2010 has not been determined.

(6) Operating Grants

The Caledonia County Sheriff's Department received grants from the U.S. Government and other grantors. Entitlements to the resources are generally based on compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditures of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. Any disallowance as a result of these audits becomes a liability of the Department. As of June 30, 2010, management believes no material liabilities will result from such audits.

(7) Risk Management

The Sheriff's Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The Sheriff's Department maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of these risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Department. Settled claims have not materially exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(8) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The Sheriff's Department offers a 457b deferred compensation plan, which allows participants to contribute pre-tax dollars. Currently the Department is not required to make any matching contributions.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>

Michael Bergeron, Sheriff Caledonia County Sheriff's Department St. Johnsbury, Vermont

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Caledonia County Sheriff's Department of the County of Caledonia, Vermont (the Department) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which comprise the Caledonia County Sheriff's Department's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Caledonia County Sheriff's Department's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Department and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

December 10, 2010

VT Reg. No. 92-349